

Thierry **Schmitt**SHOM

Characterization and Evaluation of Crowd-Source Bathymetric dataset

The case of CNRS INSU opportunistic dataset

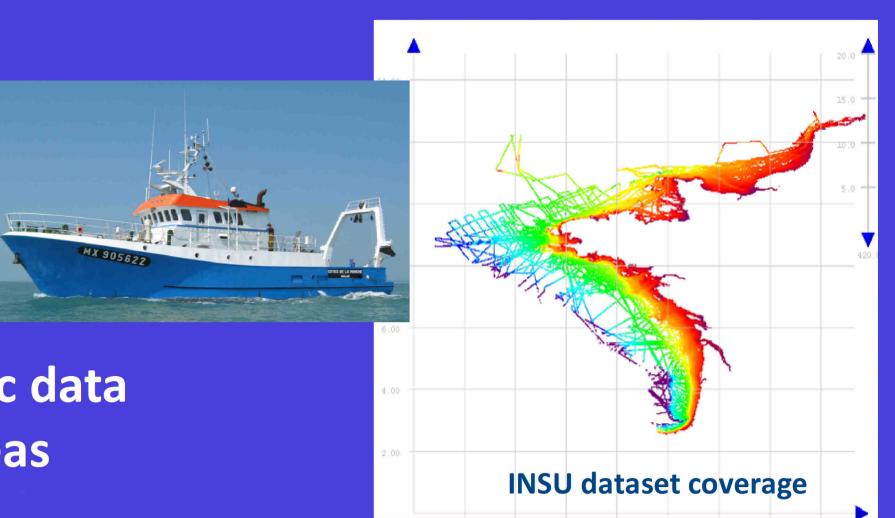


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Context & Dataset

- Limited bathymetric knowledge in some areas (Channel Islands, Aquitaine's coast) from local HOs.
- The French Scientific Institute (INSU) acquires and share navigational and bathymetric en-route data from their boats for more than 10 years

Propose a method to qualify crowd-source bathymetric data Improve the bathymetric knowledge in specifics areas Update the DEMs produced by the SHOM



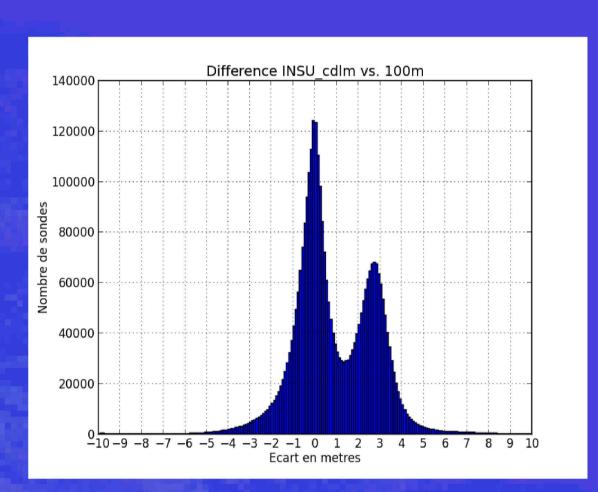
Proposed methodology and results

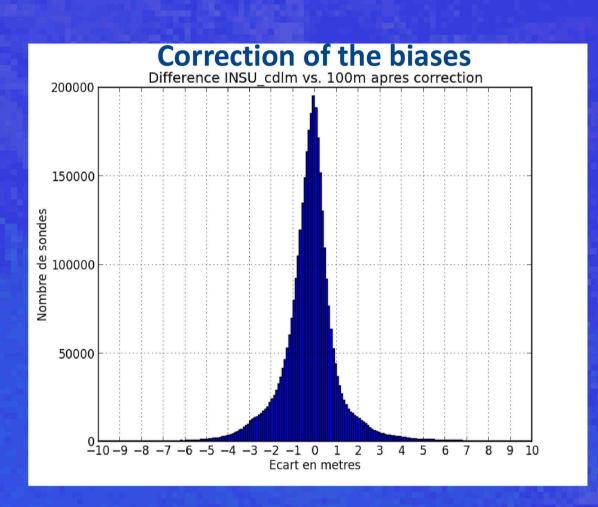
1. Filtering out / Processing erratic data

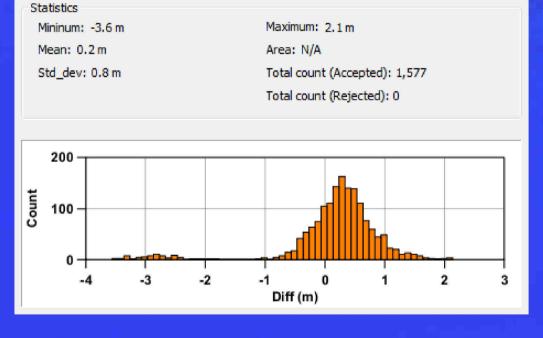
- Use of co-registred data (time stamp, weather, position, speed)
- Tide correction
- Manual or specific filtering of the positions and bathymetric data

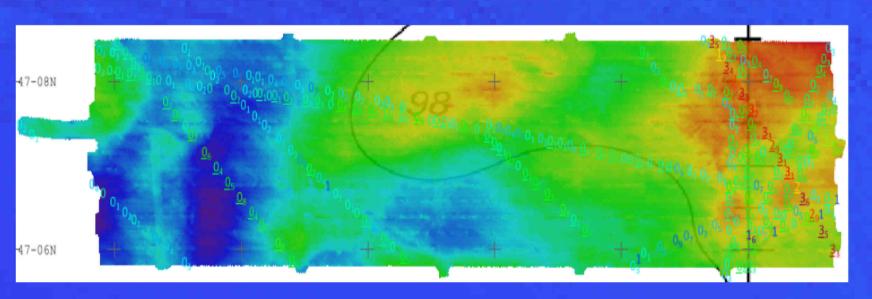
2. Vertical comparison with low resolution gridded product

- Comparison with the nationwide 100m resolution DEM produced by the SHOM to assess the general coherence of the dataset
- Identification, using Gaussian Mixture Model, of vertical bias into the dataset due to inhomogeneous vertical referencing of the echosounders (filtering out or shifting)









Vertical precision of the INSU dataset after being corrected from de depth installation of the echosounder IHO S-44 Order2 vertical precision INSU dataset vertical precision INSU dataset vertical precision Depth(m)

3. Comparison with high resolution local datasets

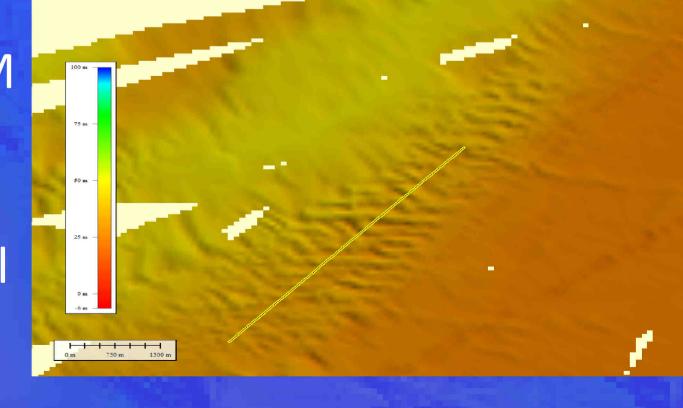
- Comparison with recent SHOM's batymetrics surveys to qualify the vertical precision
- Study of the vertical uncertainty (mean depth + 2xStd-dev)
- IHO S-44 Order 2 globally reached for the vertical precision
- Estimated precision better than 1.7m+1.7 %D (D: water depth)

Advantages vs. limits

- Method easy to carry out
- Wide range of filter possible
- Scripted (download, filtering and graphics)
- Poor global knowledge on the data to confirm our choices
- Limited to the area where high resolutions surveys exist

Conclusion & Perspectives

- This methodology has permited to globally improve crowd-source data
- INSU dataset can be used in DEM on the continental shelf.
- In some areas the dynamic component of the bathymetry will be evaluated (mobility of sand dunes)



Acknowledgements:



